

比较法, 比值法, 积分法, 根值法等判别法. 例题

$$\textcircled{1} \sum_{k=3}^{\infty} \frac{1}{k^{5/4} \ln k} \quad \text{与} \quad \sum_{k=3}^{\infty} \frac{1}{k \ln k} \quad \text{极限比较}$$

解: 用积分法判定 $\sum_{k=3}^{\infty} \frac{1}{k \ln k}$. $\int_3^{\infty} \frac{1}{x \ln x} dx = \ln(\ln x) \Big|_3^{\infty} = \infty$ 发散.

$$\lim_{k \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\frac{1}{k^{5/4} \ln k}}{\frac{1}{k \ln k}} = \lim_{k \rightarrow \infty} \frac{k \ln k}{k^{5/4} \ln k} = \lim_{k \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{k}} = 0$$

由于 $\sum_{k=3}^{\infty} \frac{1}{k \ln k}$ 发散 所以 $\sum_{k=3}^{\infty} \frac{1}{k^{5/4} \ln k}$ 发散

$$\textcircled{2} \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{7^k}{k^k}$$

解: 比值法: $\lim_{k \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\frac{7^{k+1}}{(k+1)^{k+1}}}{\frac{7^k}{k^k}} = \lim_{k \rightarrow \infty} \frac{7^k}{(k+1)^{k+1}} \cdot \frac{7^{k+1}}{7^k} = \lim_{k \rightarrow \infty} \frac{7}{k+1} \left(\frac{k}{k+1}\right)^k$

$$= \lim_{k \rightarrow \infty} \left(1 + \frac{1}{k+1}\right)^{-\frac{k+1}{1}} \cdot \frac{1}{k+1} \cdot 7 = \lim_{k \rightarrow \infty} \frac{7e^{-1}}{k+1} = 0 < 1$$

$\therefore \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{7^k}{k^k}$ 收敛

$$\textcircled{3} \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{16}{2^{mk+2}}$$

解: $e \approx 2.718 > 2$, $k = e^{mk} > 2^{mk}$

$\therefore \frac{16}{2^{mk+2}} \geq \frac{16}{k+2}$, $\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{16}{k+2}$ 与 $\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{k}$ 极限比较

$\lim_{k \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\frac{16}{k+2}}{\frac{1}{k}} = 16$. $\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{k}$ 发散, $\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{16}{k+2}$ 发散, $\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{16}{2^{mk+2}}$ 发散.